Green Budgeting in the EU

HP4 Workshop: Using Green Budgeting to Strengthen the Alignment of Public Financial Flows with Climate and Environmental Objectives



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Outline

- Context
- EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework
- EC Green Budgeting Training
- Where next?



Context



European Commission and green budgeting

Mandate from the European Green Deal (2019)

National budgets play a key role in the transition. A greater use of green budgeting tools will help to redirect public investment, consumption and taxation to green priorities and away from harmful subsidies. The Commission will work with the Member States to screen and benchmark green budgeting practices. This will make it easier to assess to what extent annual budgets and medium-term fiscal plans take environmental considerations and risks into account, and learn from best practices. The review of the European economic governance framework will include a reference to green public investment in the context of the quality of public finance.

Source: Communication on The European Green Deal <u>EUR-Lex - 52019DC0640 - EN - EUR-Lex</u> (europa.eu)



Commission work on Green Budgeting

Development of a Green Budgeting Reference Framework (GBRF)

Technical support to (23) Member States based on the GBRF

Analytical work

Collaboration with the OECD and the IMF (Towards Common Principles)

ropea

Annual green budgeting conferences and continued exchange with MS

Green budgeting survey + public database

Green Budgeting Website

Green Budgeting definition

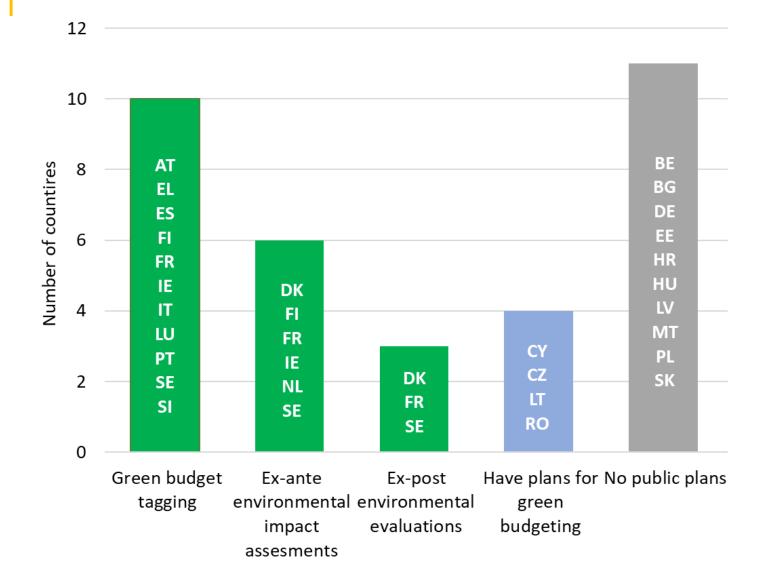
'Green budgeting means using the tools of budgetary policy-making to help achieve environmental goals.' (OECD)

'A budgetary process whereby the **environmental contributions of budgetary items** are **identified** and **assessed** with respect to specific performance indicators, with the objective of better aligning budgetary policies with **environmental goals**.' (Commission)

In other words: Green budget tagging + (environmental) ex-ante impact assessments & ex-post evaluations



Green Budgeting practices in the EU



Source: 2023 European Commission survey on green budgeting & recent developments



EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework (GBRF)

Country exemples: Annex 1



EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework

Purpose

- <u>Support</u> Member States embarking in green budgeting or willing to improve existing practices
- Provide a reference for monitoring practices by the Commission

Main features

- Builds on existing good practices of
 - Public financial management
 - GB methods across the EU
- <u>No</u> 'one-size-fits-all' model
- Consistency of practices across the EU
- Applicable also outside the EU (e.g., South Korea)



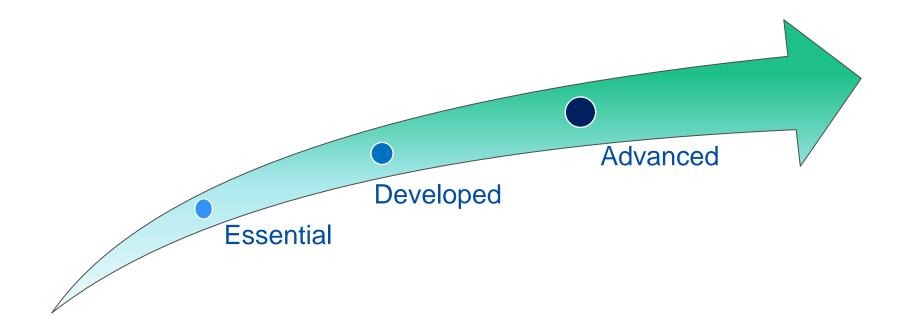
EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework





A phased approach

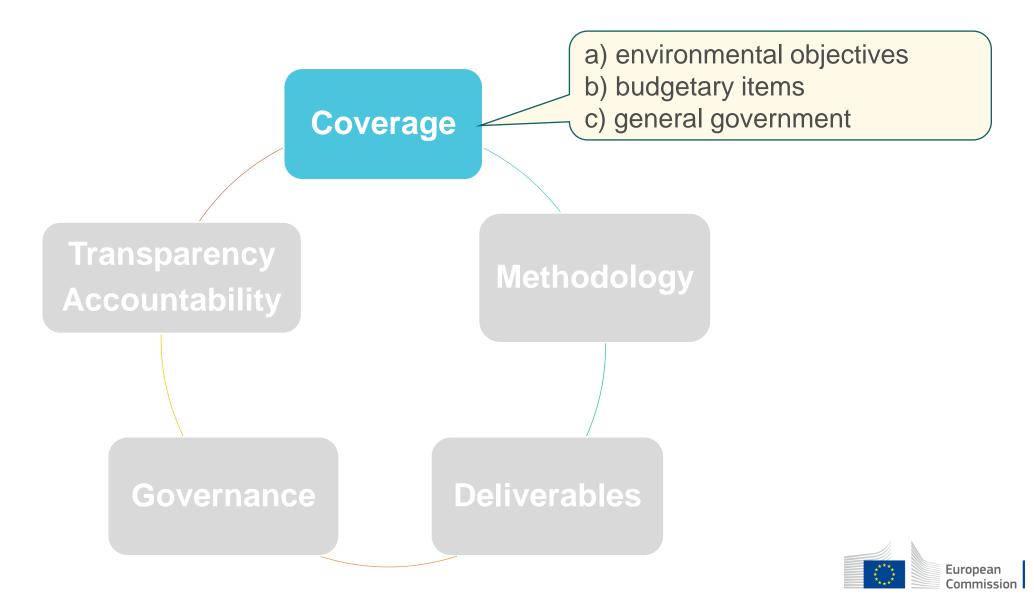
3 levels of development (applicable to each of the 5 key elements)



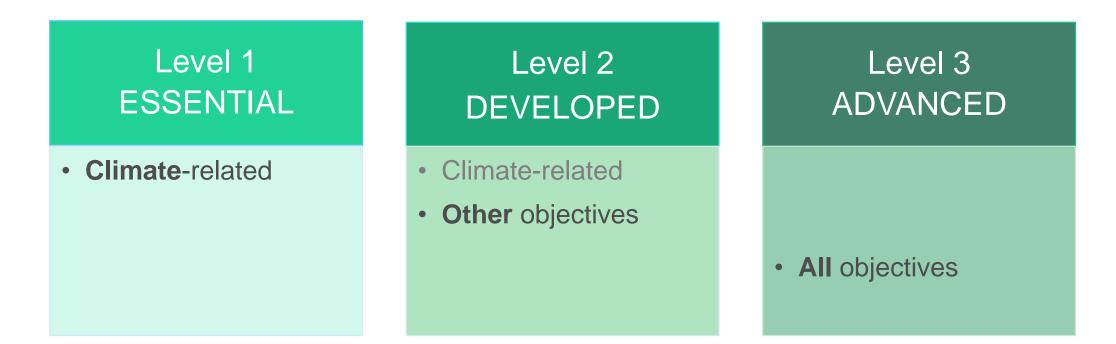
To allow **flexibility** in the development of national practices, given differences in budgetary approaches



EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework



1. Coverage: Environmental objectives



 Several countries capture all 6 environmental objectives of the <u>EU</u> <u>Taxonomy for Sustainable Activities</u> (climate change mitigation & adaptation, water, circular economy, pollution, biodiversity)



1. Coverage: Budgetary items



- Unfavourable items: avoid doing good with one hand and undoing it with the other
 more coherent 'policy package'.
- More and more countries capture also unfavourable items.
- Only few cases cover tax expenditure.



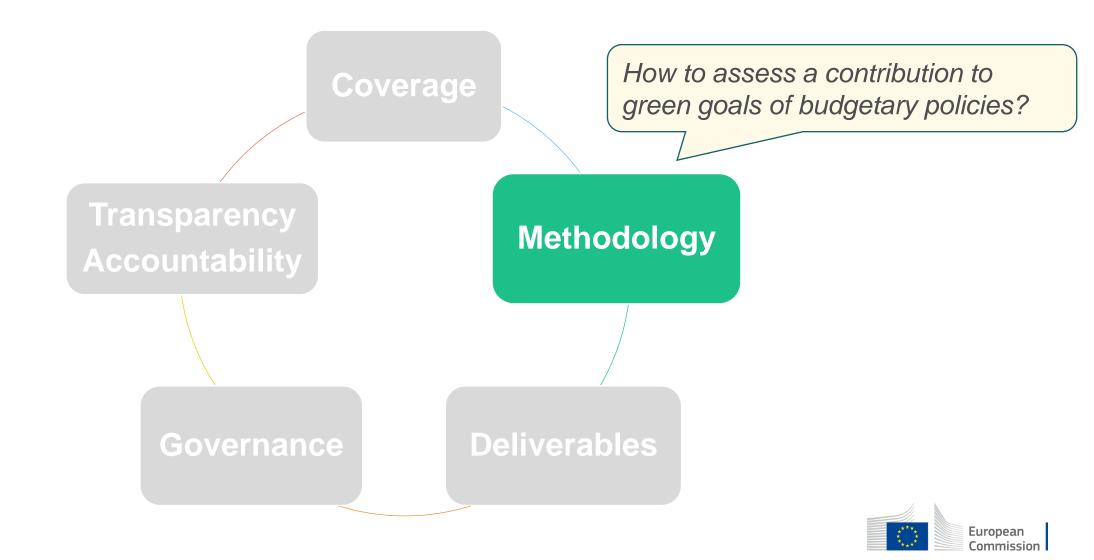
1. Coverage: General government



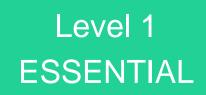
• In practice, mostly limited to the central government.



EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework



2. Methodology



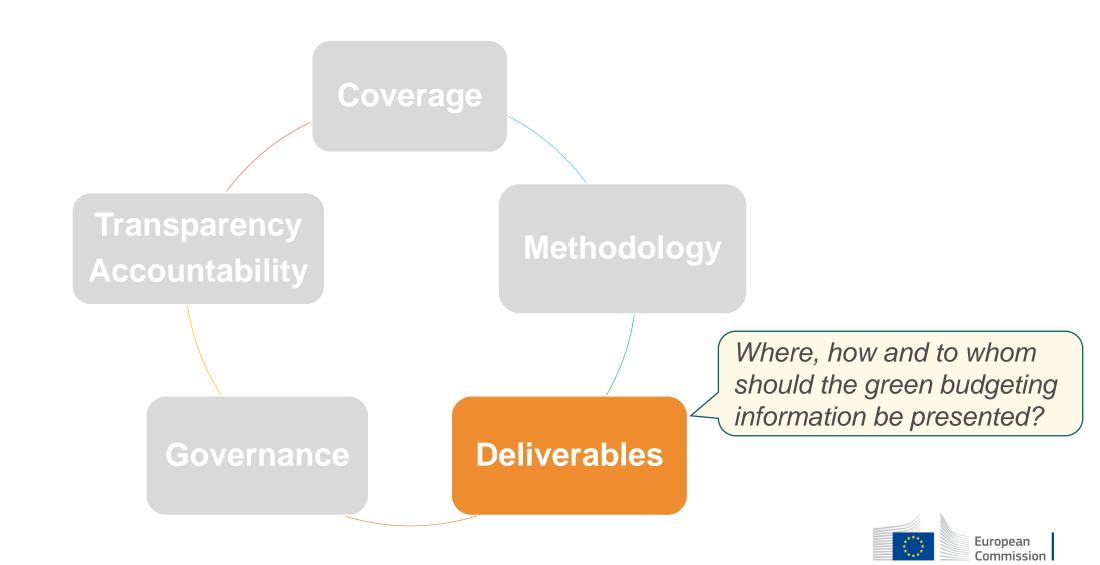
 (Simple) Tagging methodology Level 2 DEVELOPED

 Tagging methodology Level 3 ADVANCED

- Tagging methodology
- *Ex-ante* impact assessment of policies
- Ex-post evaluation of policies



EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework



3. Deliverables

Level 1 ESSENTIAL

- Presentation in annual budget
- Presentation in
 execution report

Level 2 DEVELOPED

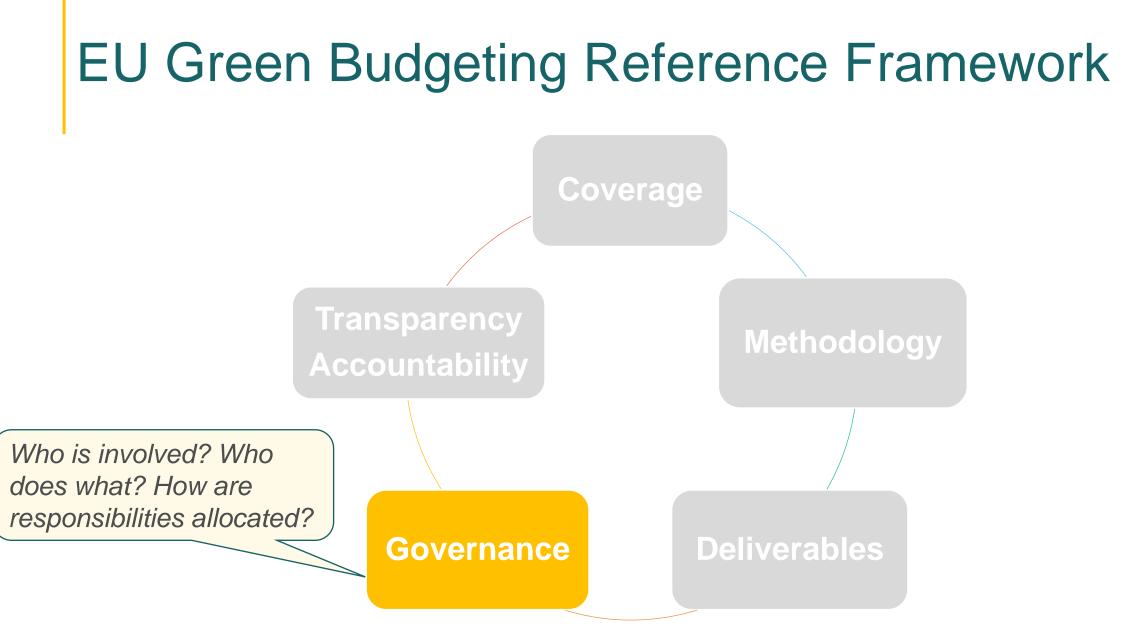
- Presentation in annual budget
- Presentation in execution report
- Presentation of estimates in **multi-annual plans**

Level 3 ADVANCED

- Presentation in annual budget
- Presentation in execution report
- Presentation of estimates
 in multi-annual plans
- Extra-budgetary entities reports

A legal/administrative document should detail the content and calendar for deliverables.







4. Governance

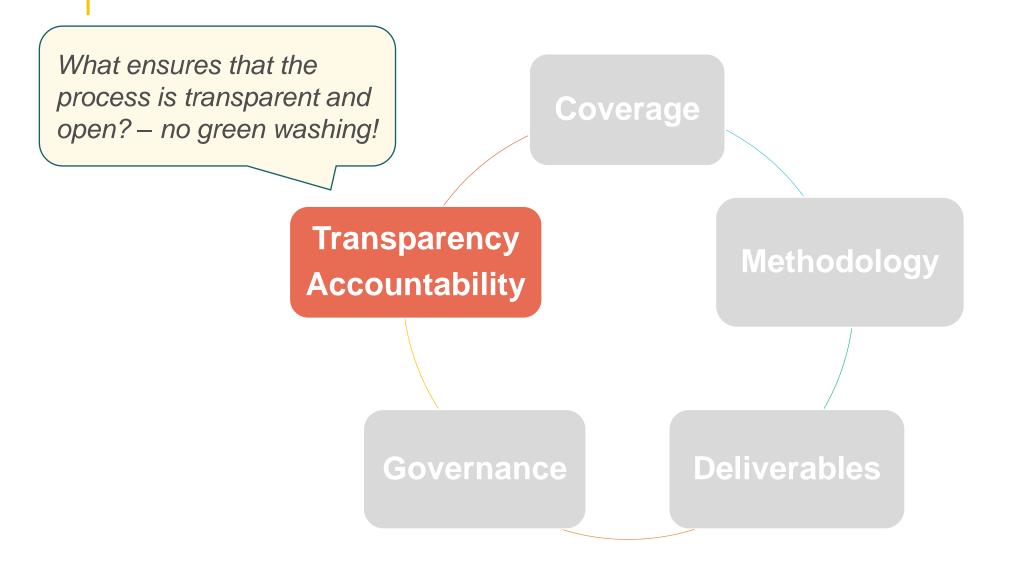
• Roles and responsibilities, timeline, deliverables clearly specified



 Leadership assigned to the authority coordinating the budgetary process (MoF)

Commission

EU Green Budgeting Reference Framework





5. Transparency and accountability

Level 1 ESSENTIAL

- All deliverables public
- Independent evaluation of methodology

Level 2 DEVELOPED

- All deliverables public
- Independent evaluation of methodology
- Independent evaluation
 of deliverables
- Parliamentary discussion

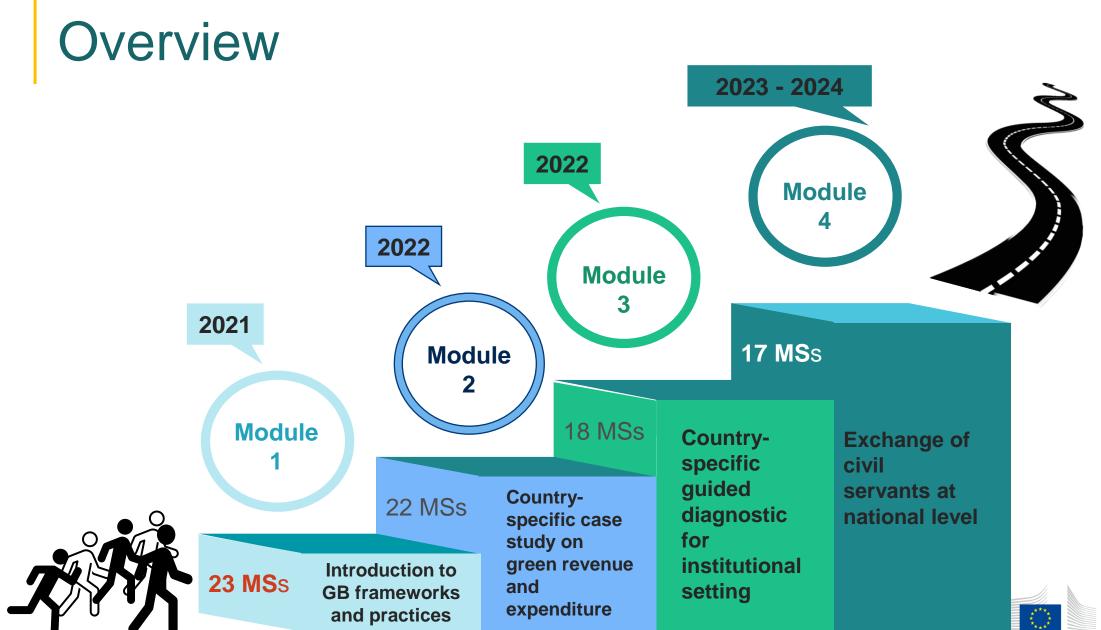
Level 3 ADVANCED

- All deliverables public
- Independent evaluation of methodology
- Independent evaluation of deliverables
- Parliamentary discussion
- Ex-post review



EU Green Budgeting Training <u>Technical Support Instrument</u>: Directorate-General for Structural Reform Support



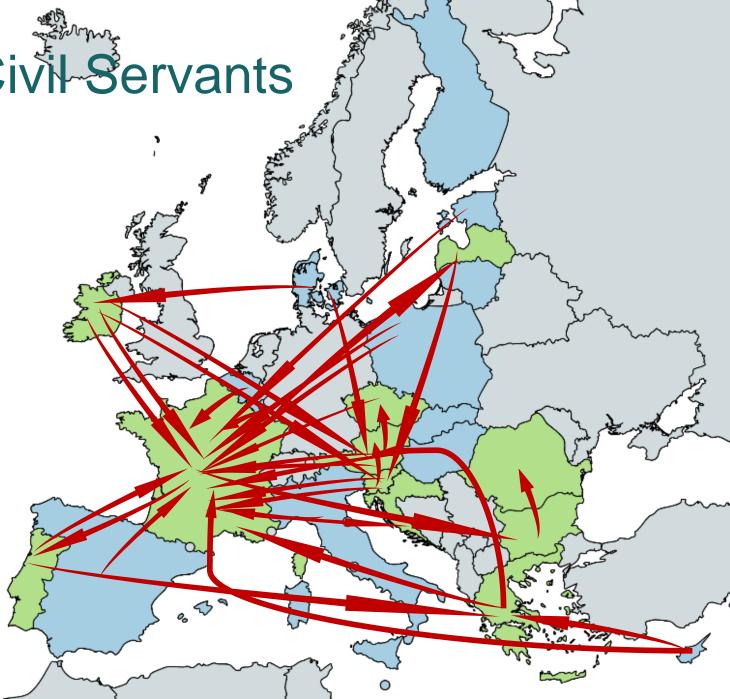


European Commission

15 Exchanges of Civil-Servants

Hosting countries (green)	Number of exchanges	Number of countries visiting
Greece	2	2
Slovenia	2	2
France	2	7 +11
Portugal	1	1
Romania	1	2
Czechia	1	1
Croatia	1	1
Austria	2	4
Ireland	1	1
Bulgaria	1	1
Latvia	1	1

Video: Supporting the implementation of green budgeting practices in EU - European Commission



Achievements

Significant Capacity Building

Developed modelling tools and incorporate the best practices shared by Denmark.

budgeting

methodology

Issued an advocacy paper addressed to **Community of** the Minister of **Green Budgeting** Finance to introduce practitioners a green budgeting methodology at national level Achievements Improved their existing green budgeting methodologies. Initiated **plans Developed** to develop a national green green

budget tagging

methodologies

+ RRP milestones

European Commission

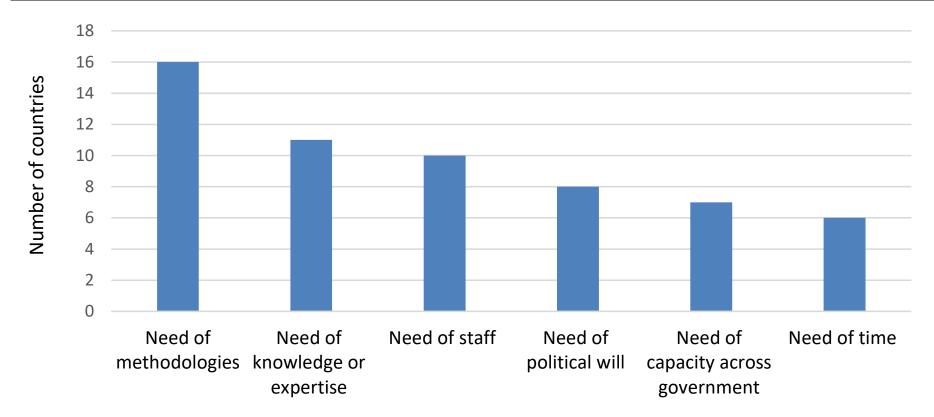
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Where next?



Key challenges in the EU

... to introduce and/or implement green budgeting



Source: 2023 European Commission survey on green budgeting



Challenges and possible collaborative work

- Tagging 'uncertain' items >> Continued collaborative work between MoFs.
- Input vs. impact: lack of (easy to use) impact indicators & modeling. (HP2)
- Integrating GB in the budget process [<u>Annex 2</u>]: GB a decision-making tool.
- Linking GB with other green tools (Green Bonds, DNSH, phasing out EHS)
 > Joint work ongoing (Commission & EU MS): 'Green Budgeting in the EU
 a coherent approach for improved policy making'.
- Linking national development plans and strategies with the (multi-)annual budget process. (HP2)



Why working together?

- Similar challenges.
- Exchange (on) and learn (from) best practices & 'best' mistakes.
- "Alone we can do [so] little;

together we can do so much."

[Helen Keller]



Thank you!

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Annex 1: GBRF country examples



1. Coverage of environmental objectives: EU Taxonomy objectives



Countries examples: Austria, France, Greece, Ireland, Spain



2. Methodology: France (1/2)

Détail des classifications environnementales

Cr	édits budgétaires	Exec. 20	LFI 21	PLF 22	Climat (atténuation)	Climat (adantation)	Eau	Déchets	Pollutions	Biodiversité
P159	Etudes et expertise en matière de développement durable	213,2 M€	192,4 M€	189,0 ME	•	•	•	•	•	
0640	Evaloitation at innovation de la Novigation cérionne	269,0 ME	331,9 ME	337,8 M€	•		0	0	•	0
P203	Ferroviaire	2 437,0 M€	2 466,0 M€	2 564,2 M€	•	0	•	•	٠	•
	ronds de prevention des risques naturels majeurs	137,0 M€	205,0 M€	235,0 M€		-	-			
P345	Frais divers	50,7 M€	72,4 M€	117,5 M€		0	0	0	0	0
P181	Gestion de l'après-mine et travaux de mise en sécurité,	35,5 M€	39,8 M€	40,3 M€	0	0	•	•	•	0
P113	Gestion des milieux et biodiversité	177,6 M€	218,9 M€	232,2 M€	0	0	•	0	٠	•
P159	Gouvernance, évaluation, études et prospective en matière de développement durable	13,6 M€	15,2 M€	15,2 M€	•	•	•	•	•	•

1. Scrutiny of entire budget

2. Classification by each environmental objective (3 shades of green + non-classified)



2. Methodology: France (2/2)

Détail des classifications environnementales

itation)

1. Scrutiny of entire budget

2. Classification by environmental objective (3 shades of green)

3. Overall classification

- Favourable
- Unfavourable
- Mixed
- Not captured
- Unable to tag



Source: Rapport_impact_environnemental_budget_Etat_2022.pdf (economie.gouv.fr)

Cr	édits budgétaires	Exec.20	LFI 21	PLF22	Climate Interior	Climat (atten	Cilliat (aug)	Déchate	Dollictione	Biodiversité	Classificatio
P159	Etudes et expertise en matière de développement durable	213,2 M€	192,4 M€	189,0 M€	•	•	•	•	•	•	Favorable
1040	Evaloitation et innovation de la Novigation aérienne	260.0 ME	331,9 ME	337,8 M€				-	0		Défaussable
P203	Ferroviaire	2 437,0 M€	2 466,0 ME	2 564,2 M€		0	•	•	•		Mixte
181	Fonds de prévention des risques naturels majeurs	137,0 M€	205,0 M€	235,0 M€	0	۰	•	.0	•	0	Favorable
345	Frais divers	50,7 M€	72,4 M€	117,5 M€		0	0	0	0	0	Favorable
181	Gestion de l'après-mine et travaux de mise en sécurité,	35,5 M€	39,8 M€	40,3 M€	0	0	•	•	•	0	Favorable
113	Gestion des milieux et biodiversité	177,6 M€	218,9 ME	232,2 M€	0	0	•	0	•	•	Favorable
159	Gouvernance, évaluation, études et prospective en matière de développement durable	<mark>1</mark> 3,6 M€	15,2 M€	15,2 M€		•	•	•	•	•	Favorable

3. Deliverables:

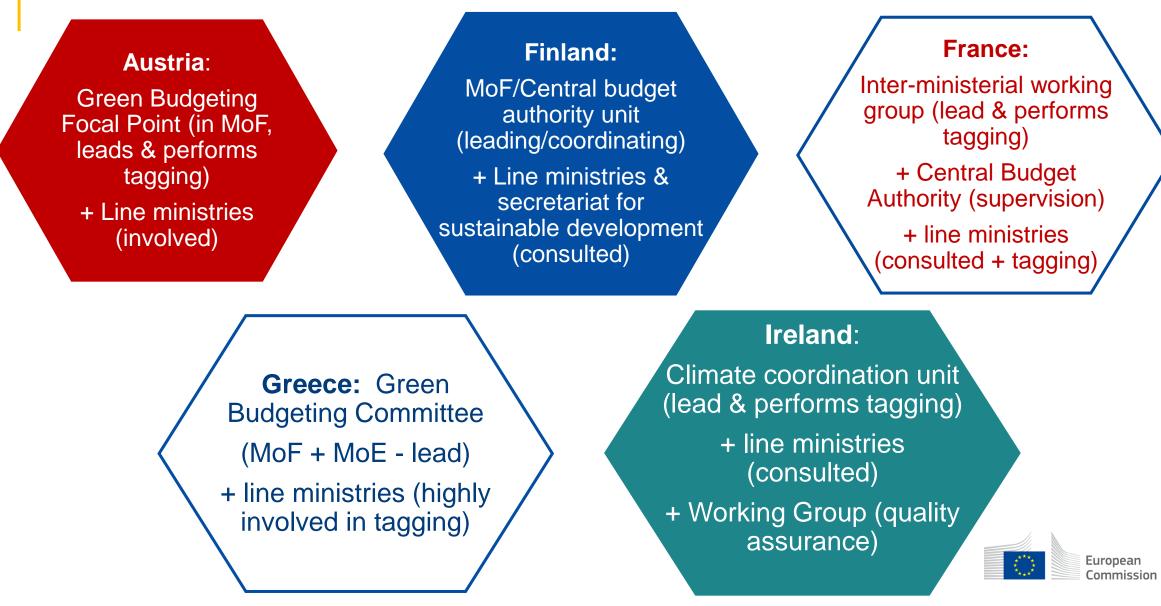
France: green budget report attached to the draft budget presenting the tagging results.

Italy: *eco-budget* annex in draft budget and *eco-execution* annex with information by CEPA-CReMA and ministry.

Spain: results with the draft budget. Main findings via an interactive tool to facilitate citizens' understanding.



4. Governance (tagging – examples 1/2)



4. Governance (tagging – examples 2/2)

Italy: MoF (performs tagging)

+ line ministries (review)

+ MoF prepares final report

Slovenia [?]: MoF (lead+guidance) + line ministries (tagging) Luxembourg: Inspectorate of Finance (leads - guidance on tagging) + line ministries (perform tagging) + IoF (analysing tagging, prepares final report)

Spain:

Inter-ministerial working group (initiating)

+ MoF & General Budget Directorate (lead)

+ Line ministries (info for tagging)

+ MoF & GBD (final tags)

Portugal:

Ad-hoc temporary task force (Central budget authority + MoE - lead)

> + line ministries (tagging)

Sweden:

Central budget authority unit+ MoE (lead)

+ Line ministries (perform tagging)

4. Governance (Impact assessment - examples)

Denmark:

- MoE (leading)
- + Line ministries (involved)
- + Energy Agency
- Green Model: Independent institution

Finland:

Line ministries (responsible) + independent experts

Inter-ministerial coordination

&

Sweden:

MoE (lead) + Line ministries & Independent experts /government agencies (conduct EIA)

Netherlands:

Central budget authority unit & ministry of environment (lead)

Independent experts -Environmental Assessment Agency

5. Accountability

Independent evaluations:

- Methodology in **France** discussed with think-tanks.
- Evaluation of policies (**Sweden, Netherlands**); advice with comply-or-explain principle (**Ireland**).
- Evaluations of budgeting reports (Italian Court of Auditors, European Court of Auditors issues regular assessments for climate tracking and soon for biodiversity).

Role of the Parliament:

- **Italy:** obligation to send reports to Parliament.
- **Denmark:** the Minister for Climate, Energy and Utilities must present a report on the effects of the government climate policy and answer any questions in the parliament.



Annex 2: Green budgeting & the budget cycle



Main findings

Integrating green budgeting in the regular budget process is crucial to influence policy making.

In-depth interviews with selected countries show:

- Often not integrated into the budget law.
- Green budgeting tools are commonly used during the budget preparation & negotiation phase.
- Green budgeting has so far been used to provide transparency and less so to decide on the budget *(facilitates transition from awareness to action)*
- Available at: <u>How Green Budgeting is Embedded in National Budget</u> <u>Processes (europa.eu)</u>



Annex 3: Revised EU Budgetary Framework Directive



A greener and more climate-resilient budget

Amended EU Budgetary Framework Directive

Recital 19 points out that "green budgeting tools can help redirect public revenue and expenditure to green priorities".

Art 9(2)d requires Member States to produce assessments specifying, to the extent possible, the macrofiscal risks from climate change and its environmental and distributional impacts, and the implications of planned policies on sustainable and inclusive growth.

Art 14(3) requires Member States to publish:

- Information on disaster and climate-related contingent liabilities to the extent possible;
- Published information shall, to the extent possible, take into account information on fiscal costs incurred due to disasters and climate-related shocks.

